

Mental Health & Well-Being Policy

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Signed						
Chairman of Governors						

Date

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1. Why Mental Health and Well-Being is Important

At our school, we aim to promote positive mental health and well-being for our whole school community; pupils, staff, parents and carers, and recognise how important mental health and emotional well-being is to our lives in just the same way as physical health.

We recognise that children's mental health is a crucial factor in their overall wellbeing and can affect their learning and achievement. Persistent mental health problems may lead to pupils having significantly greater difficulty in learning than the majority of those of the same age. The Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Code of Practice identifies Social, Emotional and Mental Health as one of the four areas of Special Educational Need.

The Department for Education (DfE) recognises that: "in order to help their pupils succeed; schools have a role to play in supporting them to be resilient and mentally healthy". Schools can be a place for children and young people to experience a nurturing and supportive environment that has the potential to develop self-esteem and give positive experiences for overcoming adversity and building resilience. For some, school will be a place of respite from difficult home lives and offer positive role models and relationships, which are critical in promoting pupils well-being and can help engender a sense of belonging and community.

Our role in school is to ensure that they can manage times of change and stress, be resilient, are supported to reach their potential and access help when they need it. We also have a role to ensure that pupils learn about what they can do to maintain positive mental health, what affects their mental health, how they can help reduce the stigma surrounding mental health issues and where they can go if they need help and support.

Our aim is to help develop the protective factors which build resilience to mental health problems and be a school where:

- all pupils are valued
- · pupils have a sense of belonging and feel safe
- pupils feel able to talk openly with trusted adults about their problems without feeling any stigma
- positive mental health is promoted and valued

In addition to children's well-being, we recognise the importance of promoting staff mental health and well-being.

2. Purpose of the Policy

This policy sets out:

- how we promote positive mental health
- how we prevent mental health problems
- how we identify and support pupils with mental health needs
- how we train and support all staff to understand mental health issues and spot early warning signs to help prevent mental health problems getting worse
- key information about some common mental health problems
- where parents, staff and pupils can get advice and support

3. Definition of Mental Health and Well-Being

We use the World Health Organisation's definition of mental health and wellbeing:

... a state of well-being in which every individual realises his or her own potential, can cope with the normal stresses of life, can work productively and fruitfully, and is able to contribute to her or his community.

Mental health and well-being is not just the absence of mental health problems. We want all children/young people to:

- feel confident in themselves
- be able to express a range of emotions appropriately
- be able to make and maintain positive relationships with others
- cope with the stresses of everyday life
- manage times of stress and be able to deal with change
- learn and achieve

4. Links to other Policies

This policy links to our policies on Safeguarding, Inclusion, Anti-Bullying, Behaviour and Discipline, Personal Social Health Education (PSHE), Sex and Relationships Education (SRE) and Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) Policy.

Links with the Behaviour and Relationships Policy are especially important because behaviour, whether it is disruptive, withdrawn, anxious, depressed or otherwise, may be related to an unmet mental health need. We consider behaviour to be a message.

5. A Whole School Approach to Promoting Positive Mental Health

We take a whole school approach to promoting positive mental health that aims to help pupils become more resilient, be happy and successful and prevent problems before they arise.

This encompasses seven aspects:

- 1. creating an ethos, policies and behaviours that support mental health and resilience that everyone understands
- 2. helping pupils to develop social relationships, support each other and seek help when they need to
- 3. helping pupils to be resilient learners
- 4. teaching pupils social and emotional skills and an awareness of mental health
- 5. early identification of pupils who have mental health needs and planning support to meet their needs, including working with specialist services
- 6. effectively working with parents and carers
- 7. supporting and training staff to develop their skills and resilience

We also recognise the role that stigma can play in preventing understanding and awareness of mental health issues and aim to create an open and positive culture that encourages discussion and understanding of mental health issues. We aim to be a 'talking school' with an 'Open Door Policy'.

6. Roles and Responsibilities

We believe that all staff have a responsibility to promote positive mental health, and to understand about protective and risk factors for mental health. Some children will require additional help and all staff should have the skills to look out for any early warning signs of mental health problems and ensure that pupils with mental health needs get early intervention and the support they need.

All staff understand about possible risk factors that might make some children more likely to experience problems; such a physical long-term illness, having a parent who has a mental health problem, death and loss, including loss of friendships, family breakdown and bullying. They also understand the factors that protect children from adversity, such as self-esteem, communication and problem-solving skills, a sense of worth and belonging and emotional literacy.

The school's Mental Health Team (Designated Safeguarding Leads, Mental Health First Aiders, SENCO):

- leads on and works with other staff to coordinate whole school activities to promote positive mental health
- provides advice and support to staff and organises training and updates
- keeps staff up-to-date with information about what support is available
- liaises with the PSHE Leader on teaching about mental health
- is the first point of contact and communicates with mental health services
- leads on and makes referrals to services

We recognise that many behaviours and emotional problems can be supported within the school environment, or with advice from external professionals. Some children will need more intensive support at times, and there are a range of mental health professionals and organisations that provide support to pupils with mental health needs and their families. Support includes:

- Safeguarding/Child Protection Team (SLT)
- Teachers/Support Staff to manage mental health needs of pupils
- SENCO who helps staff understand their responsibilities to children with special educational needs and disabilities (SEND), including pupils whose mental health problems mean they need special educational provision.
- Therapeutic Services
- School nurse
- CAMHS core meetings to support staff to manage mental health needs of pupils

7. Supporting Pupils' Positive Mental Health

We believe we have a key role in promoting pupils' positive mental health and helping to prevent mental health problems. Our school has developed a range of strategies and approaches including;

- ✓ Pupil-led Activities
- ✓ Assemblies to raise awareness of mental health
- ✓ Transition Support (Warm-Up)
- ✓ Support for vulnerable children, for example, Speech and Language (SALT)
- ✓ Adapted, personalised timetables (Blended Learning)
- ✓ Transition meetings with parent/carers, pupils and relevant staff
- √ Key Adults might support post-16 visits with vulnerable pupils
- √ Class Activities
- ✓ Timetable designed to promote improved mental health and wellbeing (Warm-Up/TAB)
- ✓ Displays and information around the school about positive mental health and where to go for help and support both within the school and outside the school
- ✓ Quite eating spaces for those children who are finding the lunch hall overwhelming

Teaching about Mental Health and Emotional Well-being

Through PSHE we teach the knowledge and social and emotional skills that will help pupils to be more resilient, understand about mental health and help reduce the stigma of mental health problems. (insert overview from PSHE Curriculum planning).

Our approach is to:

- provide a safe environment to enable pupils to express themselves and be listened to
- ensure the welfare and safety of pupils as paramount
- identify appropriate support for pupils based on their needs
- involve parents and carers when their child needs support
- involve pupils in the care and support they have
- monitor, review and evaluate the support with pupils and keep parents and carers updated

8. Early Identification

Our identification system involves a range of processes. We aim to identify children with mental health needs as early as possible to prevent things getting worse. We do this in different ways including:

- Identify individuals that might need support
- being an Attachment Aware School
- working with the School Office staff who are often the first point of contact with families seeking support
- foster strong links with parents/carers, with possible home visits
- induction meetings for pupils / families joining
- analysing behaviour, exclusions, attendance, Myconcern reports (Using the date we have in a meaningful way)
- pupil surveys at the beginning of the school Year
- staff report concerns about individual pupils to the Deputy Head and Designated Safeguarding Team
- daily staff briefing for staff to raise concerns about individual children
- gathering information from a previous school at transfer or transition
- parental meetings

- enabling pupils to raise concerns to class teacher and support staff
- enabling parents and carers to raise concerns through the school class
- teacher or to any member of staff we have an 'Open Door Policy'
- drop-ins with School Nurse or Educational Psychologist (when available)

All staff have had training on the protective and risk factors (see Appendix 1), types of mental health needs (see Appendix 2) and signs that might mean a pupil is experiencing mental health problems. Any member of staff concerned about a pupil will take this seriously and talk to the Designated Safeguarding Team/SLT.

These signs might include:

- non-verbal behaviour
- isolation from friends and family and becoming socially withdrawn
- changes in activity or mood or eating/sleeping habits
- lowering academic achievement
- talking or joking about self-harm or suicide
- expressing feelings of failure, uselessness or loss of hope
- an increase in lateness or absenteeism
- not wanting to do PE or get changed for PE
- drug or alcohol misuse
- physical signs of harm that are repeated or appear non-accidental
- wearing long sleeves in hot weather
- repeated physical pain or nausea with no evident cause

Staff are aware that mental health needs such as anxiety might appear as noncompliant, disruptive or aggressive behaviour which could include problems with attention or hyperactivity. This may be related to home problems, difficulties with learning, peer relationships or development. If there is a concern that a pupil is in danger of immediate harm then the school's child protection procedures are followed.

Disclosures by Pupils

We recognise how important it is that staff are calm, supportive, and non-judgmental to pupils who verbally disclose a concern about themselves or a friend. The emotional and physical safety of pupils is paramount, and staff listen rather than advise. Staff are clear to pupils that the concern will be shared with the Designated Safeguarding Team and recorded to provide appropriate support to the pupil.

Confidentiality

All disclosures are recorded (using Myconcern) and held on the pupil's confidential file, including date, name of pupil and member of staff to whom they disclosed, summary of the disclosure and next steps.

Assessment, Interventions and Support

All concerns are reported to the Designated Safeguarding Team and recorded. We then implement our assessment system based on levels of need to ensure that pupils get the support they need, either from within the school or from an external specialist service. Our aim is to put in place interventions as early as possible to prevent problems escalating. We recognise that just like physical health, mental health and emotional well-being can vary at any given time and is fluid and changes, there are no absolutes.

Need	Evidence-based Intervention	Monitoring	
The level of need is based on	and Support		
discussions at the regular Inclusion meetings/panel with	The kinds of intervention and support provided will be decided		
key members of staff	in consultation with key members		
Rey members of stall	of staff, parents and pupils		
Highest need	CAMHS-assessment, 1:1 or	All pupils needing targeted	
	family support or treatment,	individualised support will have	
	consultation with school staff and	an <mark>Individual Care Plan</mark> drawn up	
	other agencies	setting out -	
	Educational Psychologist	The needs of the pupilsHow the pupil will be	
	involvement	supported	
		Actions to provide that	
	External agency support that	support	
	provides 1:1 support and group work	Any special requirements	
		Pupils and parents/carers will be	
	Weekly Therapy on site	involved in the plan.	
	(Depending on resources		
	available/suitability)	The plan and interventions are monitored, reviewed and	
	If the school, professionals	evaluated to assess the impact	
	and/or parents conclude that a	e.g. through a Strengths and	
	statutory education, health and care assessment is required, we	Difficulties Questionnaire	
	may consult the Local authority	Multi-agency meetings and	
	and run it.	regular reviews and feedback	
		with parents/carers	
Moderate need	1:1 intervention, small group	Discussion, advice and support	
	intervention	in Child and Mental Health	
		Services (CAMHS) if needed.	
		Weekly staff briefings – including	
		Form Tutor monitoring	
Low need	General support		
	e.g. Class Teacher 'check-ins', Support staff, Warm-Up, TAB etc.		
	e.g. Glass reacher Gheon-ins, Support stall, Walth-Op, IAB etc.		

9. Working with Specialist Services to get swift access to the right Specialist Support and Treatment

In some case a pupil's mental health needs require support from a specialist service. These might include anxiety, depression, school refusal and other complex needs. We make links with a range of specialist services and have regular contact with the services to review the support and consider next steps, as part of monitoring the pupils' provision.

School referrals to a specialist service will be made by the SENCO/Designated Safeguarding Team, following the assessment process and in consultation with the pupil and his/her parents and carers. Referrals will only go ahead with the consent of the parent/carer and when it is the most appropriate support for the pupil's specific needs.

10. Involving Parents and Carers

Promoting Mental Health

We recognise the important role parents and carers have in promoting and supporting the mental health and wellbeing of their children and supporting their children with mental health needs.

To support parents and carers:

- we provide information and signposting to organisations on our websites on mental health issues and local wellbeing and parenting programmes.
- have an Open Door Policy.
- supporting parents and carers with children with mental health needs through sensitive and supportive regular meetings and signposting
- Offer 'Cook-Along' sessions with parents to cook and eat with their children.

When a concern has been raised the school will:

contact parents and carers and meet with them

in most case parents and carers will be involved in their children's interventions, although there may be circumstances when this may not happen, such as child protection issues.

- offer information to take away and places to seek further information
- be available for follow up calls
- make a record of the meeting
- agree an Action Plan
- discuss how the parents and carers can support their child
- keep parents and carers up to date and fully informed of decisions about the support and interventions

Parents and carers will always be informed if their child is at risk of danger.

We make every effort to support parents and carers to access services where appropriate. Pupils are our primary concern, and in the rare event that parents and carers are not accessing services we will seek advice from the Local Authority. We also provide information for parents and carers to access support for their own mental health needs.

11. Involving Pupils

We seek pupils' views and feedback about our approach and whole school mental health activities through Pupil Voice, surveys, and class questions. The school council also plays a crucial role in ensuring that students are heard.

12. Supporting and Training Staff

We want all staff to be confident in their knowledge of mental health and wellbeing and to be able to promote positive mental health and wellbeing, identify mental health needs early in pupils and know what to do and where to get help (see Appendix 3).

Those staff with a specific responsibility have more specialised training and where possible access to supervision from mental health professionals. Supporting and promoting the mental health and wellbeing of staff is an essential component of a healthy school and we promote opportunities to maintain a healthy work life balance and wellbeing with relaxation activities such as yoga.

Staff have access to Counselling and Advice Service. Contact:

Appendix 1

Specific mental health needs most commonly seen in school-aged children

For information see Annex C Main Types of Mental Health Needs Mental Health and Behaviour in School DfE March 2016

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/mental-health-and-behaviour-inschools--2

Annex C includes definitions, signs and symptoms and suggested interventions for Anxiety (including panic attacks, phobias and Obsessive Compulsive Disorder OCD)

Depression
Eating Disorders
Substance Misuse
Self Harm

The DFE does not include specific information on suicidal thought Suicidal Thoughts Young people may experience thoughts and feelings about wanting to end their lives. Some young people never act on these feelings but may openly discuss and explore them, while other young people die suddenly from suicide without any apparent warning signs.

Appendix 2

Where to get information and support For support on specific mental health needs

Anxiety UK www.anxietyuk.org.uk
OCD UK www.ocduk.org
Depression Alliance www.depressoinalliance.org
Eating Disorders www.b-eat.co.uk and www.inourhands.com
National Self-Harm Network www.selfharm.co.uk
Suicidal thoughts Prevention of young suicide UK – PAPYRUS: www.papyrus-uk.org

For general information and support

www.youngminds.org.uk champions young people's mental health and wellbeing www.mind.org.uk advice and support on mental health problems www.minded.org.uk (e-learning) www.time-to-change.org.uk tackles the stigma of mental health www.rethink.org challenges attitudes towards mental health